

Knights Hospitaller and consolidation of Christianity: indications of religious changes and socio-political processes in the archaeological record

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Juraj Belaj, PhD, Institute of Archaeology, Zagreb

Filomena Sirovica, PhD, Archaeological Museum in Zagreb

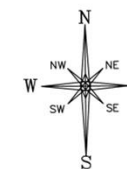
Marija Karbić, Croatian Institute of History, Zagreb



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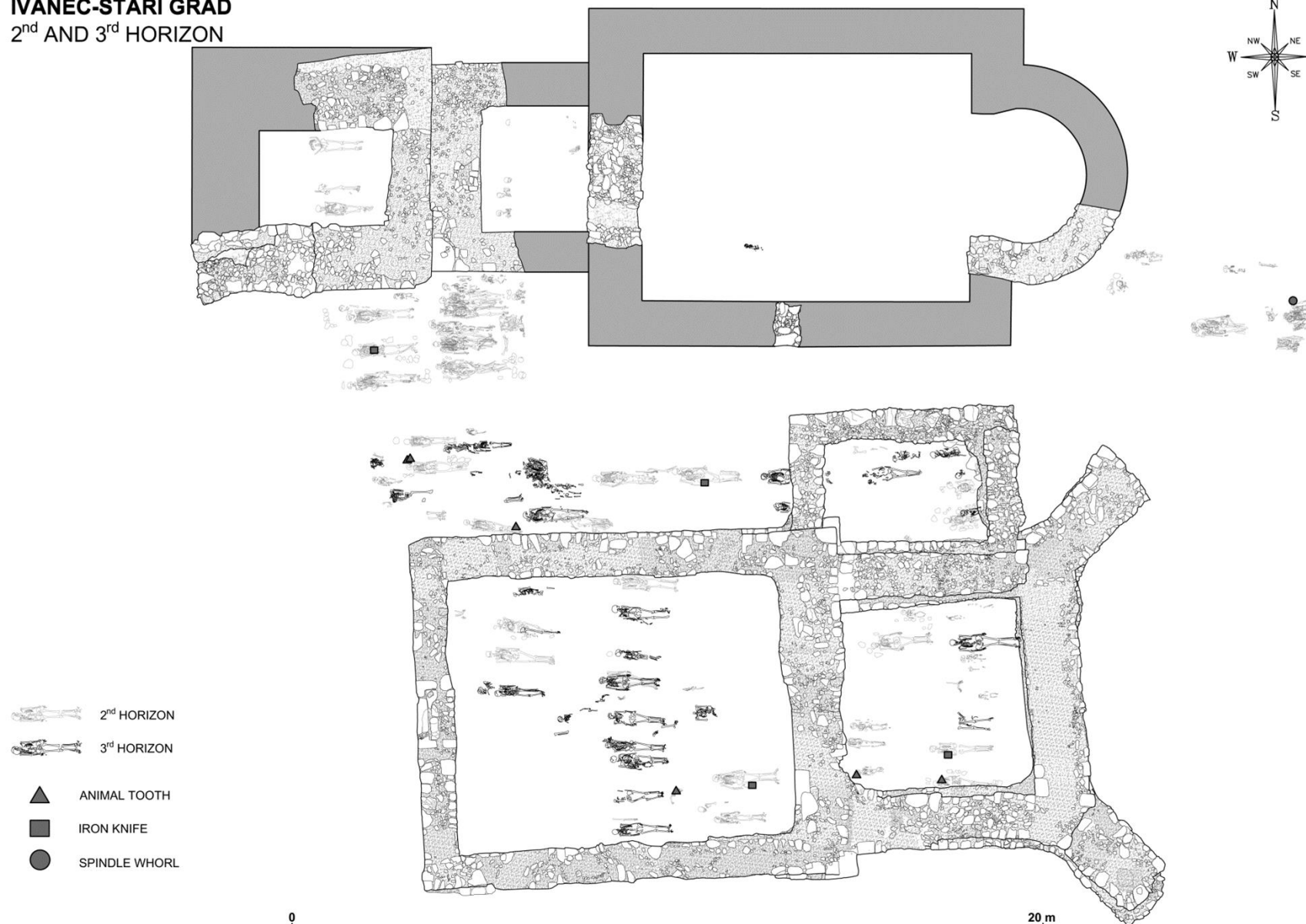
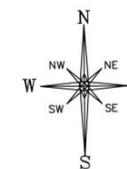


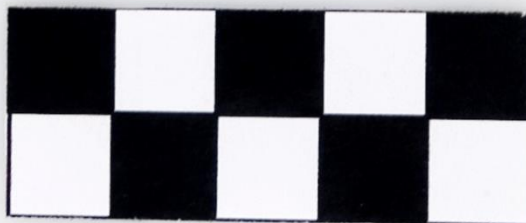
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AREA OF RESEARCH



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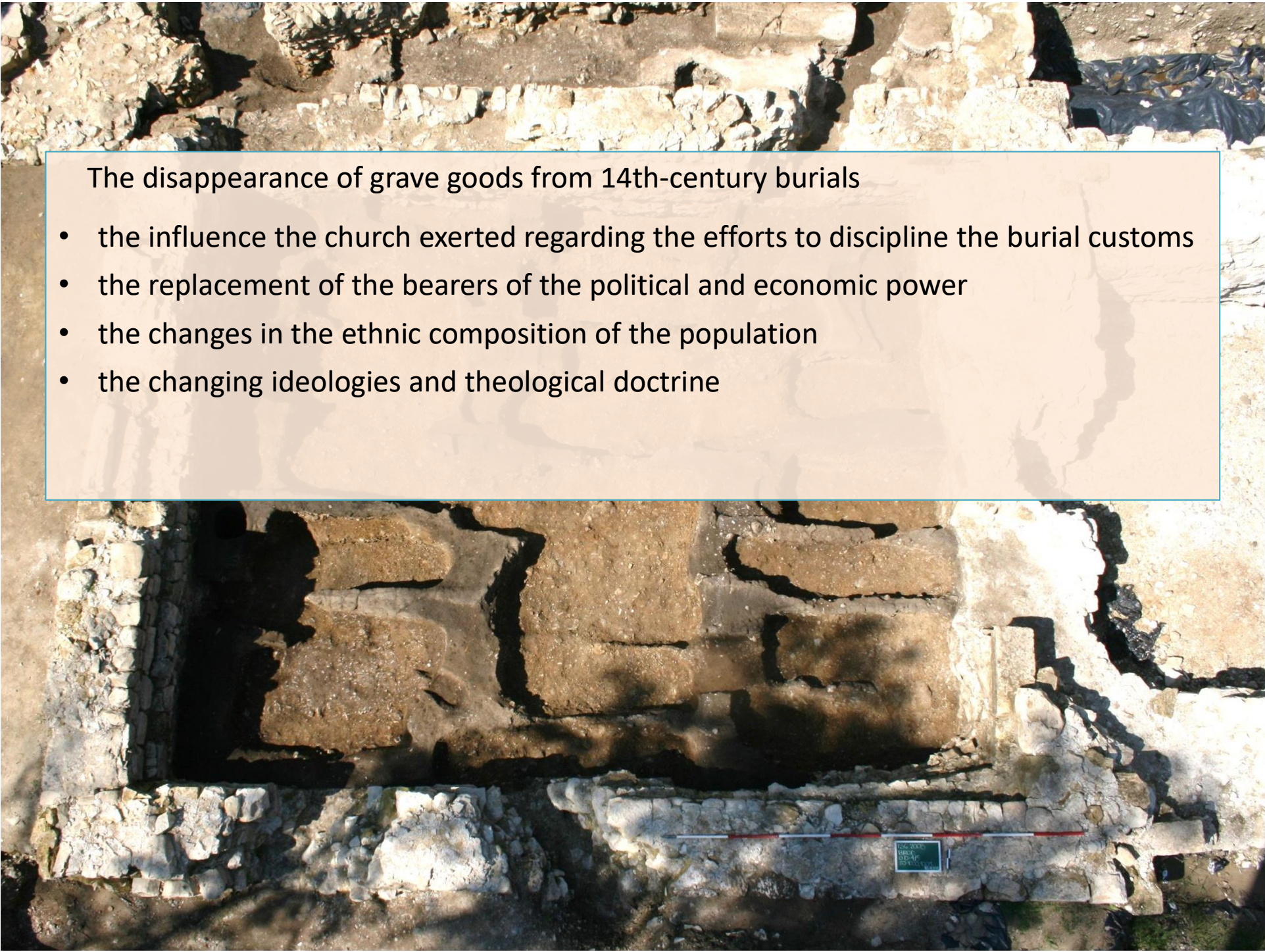
2nd AND 3rd HORIZON





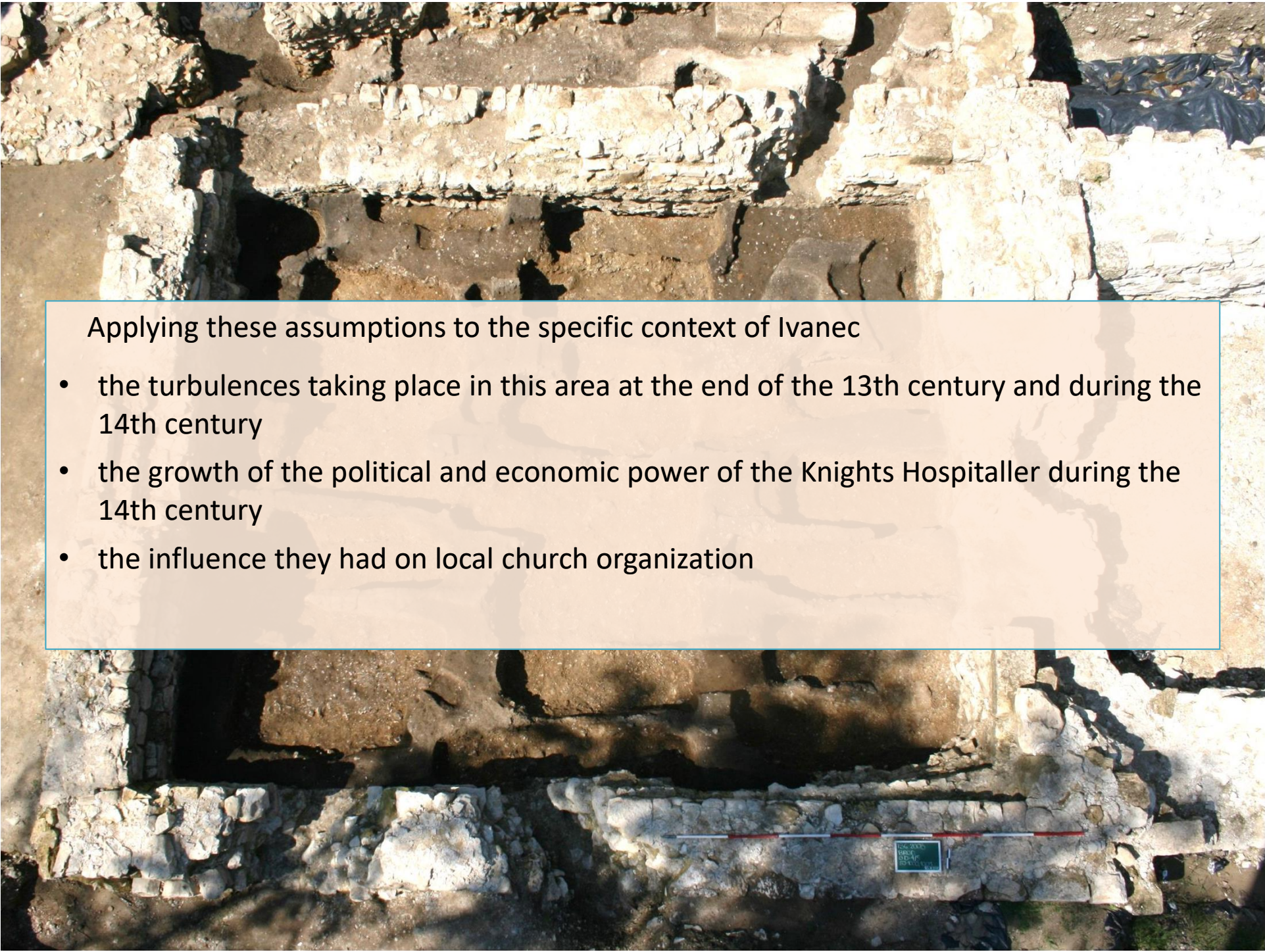






The disappearance of grave goods from 14th-century burials

- the influence the church exerted regarding the efforts to discipline the burial customs
- the replacement of the bearers of the political and economic power
- the changes in the ethnic composition of the population
- the changing ideologies and theological doctrine

The image shows an archaeological excavation of ancient stone ruins. The top half of the image displays a large, rectangular stone structure, possibly a wall or a platform, made of light-colored, roughly-hewn blocks. The bottom half shows a more complex arrangement of stones, including a long, narrow rectangular block and a smaller, more irregular structure. A red and white measuring tape is visible in the lower right, indicating the scale of the excavation. A small green label with text is also present near the tape. The background shows more of the excavation site, with various stone fragments and a black plastic sheet in the upper right corner.

Applying these assumptions to the specific context of Ivanec

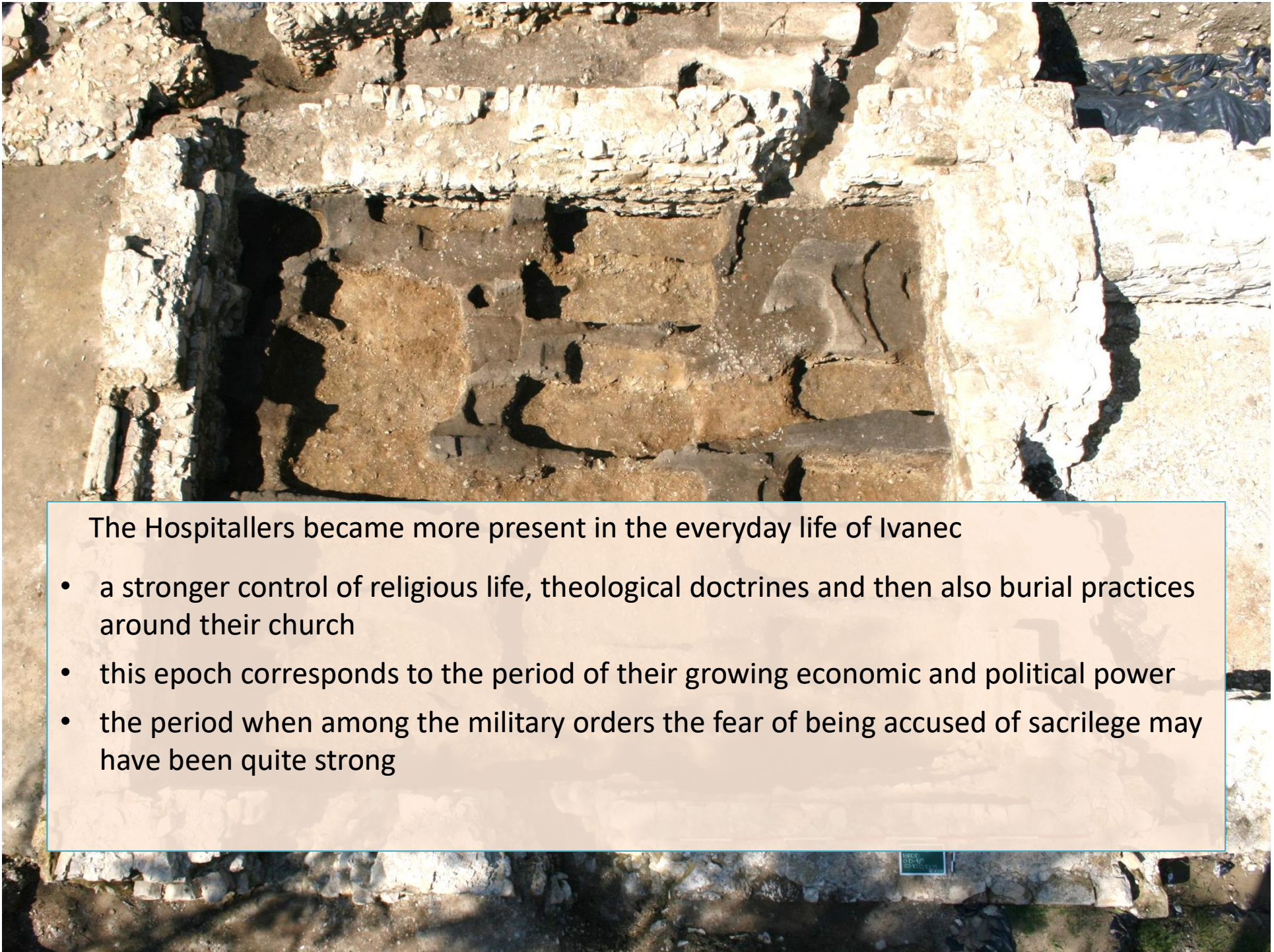
- the turbulences taking place in this area at the end of the 13th century and during the 14th century
- the growth of the political and economic power of the Knights Hospitaller during the 14th century
- the influence they had on local church organization



The comparisons of the Ivanec cemetery with other contemporary cemeteries

- the population of Ivanec during the 13th century actively pursued certain practices that deviate from widely accepted standards
- it seems that the burial practice in Ivanec has its roots in much older traditions





The Hospitallers became more present in the everyday life of Ivanec

- a stronger control of religious life, theological doctrines and then also burial practices around their church
- this epoch corresponds to the period of their growing economic and political power
- the period when among the military orders the fear of being accused of sacrilege may have been quite strong